# The Weekly Museum.

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## THE CORNISH CURATE.

[Continued from our last.]

WOUNDED to the soul with his baseness, and melted by the piteous situation of the lovely object who lay stretched on the earth in a state of insensibility, I was scarcely master of myself. However, I soon summoned a sufficient degree of reason to attempt her revival; and I had the happiness to find that my exertions were not in vain. As she opened her fine blue eyes, and looked me full in the face, I felt an emotion which I had never before experienced. She started back at the sight of such an unexpected deliverer; and notwithstanding my utmost endeavors, relapsed into the same melancholy state. At length I again found means to restore her; when bursting into a flood of tears, "Eugenius," says she, "may every blessing attend your life! May heaven shower its choicest favors on your head! "and may some lovely and fortunate fair reward "your virtue for preserving mine!"—"My dearest Olivia!" exclaimed I, with all the enthusiasm of love, "the hand of heaven seems conspicuous in this deliverance: and, if I may presume to express the wish that lies nearest my "heart, may the same power make me the everlasting guardian of that virtue which I have "been so miraculously enabled to save!"—"My "deliverer," sweetly returned the ingenuous fair, "is entitled to every acknowledgment I can make; "conduct me to my father, and lodge under his "sheltering roof the child who is at his disposal." With this requisition I immediately complied; and as we agreed that it would be prudent to conceal the rude assault of my brothr, which the malevolent world might have represented more fatal than it really was, we resolved to ascribe the lateness of our arrival to the fineness of the evening, and the charms of the season, which had attempted us to linger beyond our intended time.

The apology was easily admitted; and as I was invited to stay, I eagerly embraced the offer, as well to pass more in the company of Olivia, as to recover sufficiently from my perturbation of mind before I met a guilty brother's eye.

Next morning I took leave of Olivia and her father; and during my walk, felt a dejection of spirits, and heaviness of heart, which could not have been exceeded, if I had been the perpetrator of villainy, and not the protector of innocence. The mind seems often prophetic of its own fate, and intuitively to foresee the storm that futurity is about to disclose. I approached my brother with looks of indignation and pity; but, before I could utter a single word, unlocked his bureau, "Receive," says he, "your patrimony, "and immediately quit the house! I disclaim for "a brother the wretch who can frustrate my "wishes merely to gratify his own, and this un"der the more detestable mask of sentimental "hypocrisy!" Stung to the soul, I replied, "The power who sees the rectitude of my views, "and by means has defeated, the villainy of yours, "will abundantly provide for me! I renounce an "alliance with your ignominy, with the same "pleasure as you disclaim me for a brother: but "let me caution you to beware, lest your passions "precipitate you into irretrievable ruin!" With these words I rushed into my mother's apartment; and, falling on my knees, besought her benediction, before the opportunity was forever closed. Too well acquainted with what had passed, she bathed my face with her tears; and bewailing her hapless situation, encouraged me to hope for a speedy reconciliation, bidding me rely on her unalterable love.

Alas! she lived but a very short time to realize her wishes; for within three weeks, she fell a matyr to her grief, occasioned by the brutal insolence of my brother, in consequence of her partiality to me.

An outcast from my family, and equally disqualified by the delicacy of my feelings, and narrowness of my circumstances, from elbowing my way in the world, I scarcely knew which way to direct my steps. Love, however, which can illumine the darkest hours of life, prompted my return to Olivia, that I might tell her how much my misfortune attached her to my heart. I revealed to the dear charmer my true situation, and concluded by asking her advice respecting my future conduct. She immediately referred me to her father's superior experience; and I accordingly communicated to him my fixed resolution of engaged in a cure, without assigning the most distant reason for quitting my brother's house. In consequence of this communication, I had in a few days the happiness to be informed, that an old gentleman, the rector of Crowan, a village near Falmouth, was in immediate want of a clerical assistant.

To him I presently applied, and without hesitation closed with his offer of allowing me twenty pounds a year; but as this sum would barely find me in board, my patrimony began rapidly to decrease.

Olivia, I need scarcely say, in the mean time engaged all my thoughts. Our love was mutual and sincere; and interest, that powerful incentive to modern contracts, was entirely overlooked by both, as her fortune was still inferior to my own. In a few months she consented to be irrevocably mine, and then I thought my felicity beyond the reach of fate. From this pleasing delusion, however, I had the misfortune soon to be awaked; for finding my income very inadequate to my expences, I began to shudder at the tho'ts of involving a beloved wife in want and misery. These gloomy presages were too soon realized by the death of my aged patron; an event which wholly deprived me of employment. This stroke was followed by the birth of a son; which, tho it ought to have taught me economy, and stimulated my exertions, only tended to lull my cares, and deaden my sense of want.

After vainly endeavoring to obtain another curacy, and being disappointed in my expectations of a small living by the machinations of my abandoned brother, Olivia's father was attacked with a paralytic stroke, which compelled him to resign the care of his cure to me. The whole amount of his living did not exceed fourscore pounds a year, and consequently little could be allowed for the maintenance of a curate. My Olivia was again pregnant; when I found that, exclusive of some trifling articles of furnature and books, I had scarcely 100l. left: and, to add to my distress, a second paralytic stroke, and soon after a third, deprived me of a valuable friend; whose effects, when disposed of and his debts discharged, produced only about threescore pounds for his daughter's portion.

Being now destitute of every friend, my brother remaining irreconcilably inveterate, and a native bashfulness of disposition for which the world is not always candid enough to make proper allowances, having prevented me from extending my connections, or securing many friends, I was in such a distressful situation, that my mind began to sink beneath its burden, and to become weary of struggling with its fate.

The prospect, however, again brightened; and I obtained a very desirable curacy of thirty pounds a year, by the interest of a young baronet, who had accidentally seen Olivia and her two infant children, and expressed the warmest desire to serve us. As a present proof of his friendship, he applied to the rector of his parish, of which he was himself patron, to accept my services in the room of a young man, whom an unfortunate and ill-requitted attachment had just hurried to an untimely grave.

To Padstow I immediately removed with my dearest Olivia, whose kind solicitude for me was the only consolation of my life: and who, far from blaming for that anxiety which continually clouded my aspect, kindly sympathized in my griefs, and endeavored, by the most endearing fondness, to reconcile me to life. Sir Thomas Smith, by whose interposition I had obtained my present establishment, likewise contributed all in his power to render my situation easy; continually loading the children with presents, and offering me the loan of any sum I might have occasion for. Of this offer I too imprudently and fatally availed myself, by borrowing two hundred pounds. To corroborate our good opinion of his generosity, he bade me make myself perfectly easy in my situation; for, on the present incumbent's death, the living should be instantly mine. I thanked him with an ardour that mocked the expressions of form. But, alas! I had to deal with a man of the world; and found too soon that I had placed my dependence where I had nothing to hope, and poured forth my gratitude where my execrations only were due.

This unprincipled young man was our constant visitor, and encouraged our extravagance merely that he might have an opportunity of supplying our wants. My Olivia was charmed with his condescension; and as virtue cannot readily suspect that artifice which it never practised, she congratulated me—she congratulated herself and children—on the advantages we were likely to derive from a friendship which neither of us could suppose to be interested. The contrary, however, soon appeared! Olivia, whose beauty was rather improved than diminished, was invited to celebrate with me a christmas festival at Sir Tho-

thas's. A blameable politeneſs to my ſuppoſed friend eaſily induced me to drink more plentifully of the wine, with which his board was profuſely covered, than my conſtitution would bear; and as I ſoon felt its effects, I was conveyed to bed in a ſtate of ebriety and ſtupefaction. On Olivia he likewiſe had the ſame ſhameful deſign; but guarded by the laws of delicate propriety, ſhe reſiſted his moſt earneſt ſolicitations. However, as he attached himſelf entirely to her, his paraſites and dependents, who ſaw plainly that he had views upon her virtue, retired one after another, leaving Olivia and him alone together. Immediately on this he ſhut the door; and beſeeching her attention for a few minutes to an affair which nearly concerned his happineſs, he began to inſult her with the moſt violent proteſtations of love; and ſwore that if ſhe would not return his paſſion, ſhe would never ſee another happy hour; adding, that ſhe might command his fortune and his life, and that what he had already conferred was only a prelude to what he meant to do.

[To be concluded in our next.]

### *DIRECTIONS FOR THE HOUSHOLD OF KING HENRY THE EIGHTH.*

EXTRACTED FROM A CURIOUS OLD MANUSCRIPT.

HIS highneſs's attendants are not to ſteal any locks or keys, tables, forms, cupboards, or other [illegible], out of Noblemen's or Gentlemen's houſes where [illegible] to viſit.

Maſter cooks ſhall not employ ſuch ſcullions as go about naked, or lie all night on the ground before the kitchen fire.

No dogs to be kept in the court, but only a few ſpaniels for the ladies.

Dinner to be at ten, and ſupper at four.

The officers of the privy chamber ſhall be loving together: No grudging nor grumbling, nor talking of the King's paſtime.

The King's barber is enjoined to be cleanly; not to frequent the company of miſguided women, for fear of danger to the King's royal perſon.

Coal only to be allowed to the King's, Queen's, and Lady Mary's chambers.

The brewer not to put any brimſtone in the ale.

Amongſt the fiſhes for the table is mentioned the porpoiſe; if too big for a horſe-load, an extra allowance to the purveyor.

Twenty four loaves-a-day allowed for his highneſs's greyhounds.

Ordered, That all Noblemen and Gentlemen, at the end of the ſeſſion of the Parliament, depart to their ſeveral counties, on pain of the royal diſpleaſure.

### BOOKS OF LOVE AND DEVOTION.

The agreeable Menage has this acute obſervation on the writings of LOVE and RELIGION.

BOOKS of love and thoſe of devotion are alike bought, the only difference I find is, that there are more who read books of love than buy them; and there are more who buy books of devotion than read them.

### ANECDOTE.

SOON after the capture of Gen. Burgoyne at Saratoga, he was in company with Gen. Gates, his aged captor. In conſequence of the free circulation of the bottle, the priſoner forgot his captivity, and gave way to his wit. The converſation turning on the plains of Saratoga, the Britiſh Gen. reproached Gates for undertaking the command of an army at a period of life when declining years admoniſhed him to undertake the office of midwife rather than of a general, "A midwife!" exclaimed the veteran, "You know from experience, that in diſcharging the duties of a general I did not forget the office of a midwife, for in one day I delivered you ſafely of 7000 ſoldiers, with whom you had been long in labor."

### UNIVERSAL PRAYER.

TO thee, O Lord! with humble voice,
Let me approach thy throne;
Where heav'nly choriſters rejoice,
And all thy glories own.

To thee, who ſitt'ſt enthron'd on high,
To thee I humbly call;
Who bad'ſt a mortal mount the ſkies,
And rebel angels fall.

To thee, O God, I ſend my pray'r,
And trembling knees I bend;
O take me to thy arms of care;
And let my ſins now end.

Teach me to know thy heav'nly will,
The road to laſting fame;
To ſhun the paths that lead to ill,
To glory in thy name.

To bear each woe and not repine,
And joy without exceſs:
Nor let me blaſt that bright deſign,
Which reaſon does expreſs.

Teach me to bear the proud man's ſcorn,
Pity the poor man's lot;
To live renowned as the morn,
Or dwell in humble cot.

Guided by thee, thro paths untrod,
Along the darkſome way;
Guided by thee, my only God,
I ne'er can go aſtray.

### *EPITAPH*
### ON A LITIGUOUS SCOTCHMAN.

HERE's faſt aſleep, auld Saunder Scot,
Lang may he ſnort and ſnore,
His bains are now in *Gorman's pot,
That us'd to ſtrut the ſtreets before.

He liv'd a lude and taſtrel life,
For gude he nae regarded;
His perjur'd clack raus'd mickle ſtrife,
For wilk belike he'll be rewarded.

Ill-temper'd loon that us'd to ſnort,
When ilk his neighbor fell in trouble;
His gybes do now lye in the dirt,
To ſatisfy his brethern double.

The †bread of life was offer'd him,
For to abate his evil;
But he refus'd, and ſa he's dead,
Wha knows he's with the devil.

But ſyne he's gane, I'll ſay no more,
In Abram's boſom may he waken;
But gin he meet with ſyke good fare,
There's mare than ane will be miſtaken.

* An expreſſion for the grave.
† The ſacrament was offered him when he was ſick.

### ORIGINAL EPITAPH,

INSCRIBED ON THE TOMB-STONE OF OLD TILL.

HERE lies old TILL entirely ſtill;
None did for him ſhed tears---
For he to us hath been a curſe
For more than forty years.

We don't lament that death was ſent
To ſeize him by the buff;
For by his will and helliſh ſkill,
He's plagu'd us long enough.

The world and we have now got free
Of a moſt horrid knave;
It's well that death has ſtopp'd his breath,
And ſent him to the grave.

From the FARMER'S WEEKLY MUSEUM.

### *FASHIONS.*

THE origin of many, probably of moſt faſhions, was in the endeavor to conceal ſome deformity in the inventor.

Thus Charles the ſeventh of France introduced long coats to hide his ill made legs. Shoes with very long points, full two feet in length, were invented by Henry Plantagenet, Duke of Anjou, to conceal a very large excreſcence, which he had upon one of his feet. Sometimes faſhions are quite reverſed in one age from thoſe of another. Thus bags when firſt in faſhion in France, were only worn in diſhabille.

In viſits of ceremony, the hair was tied with a ribband and floated over the ſhoulders---all which is contrary to our preſent faſhions. Queen Iſabella of Bavaria, as remarkable for her gallantry, as the fairneſs of her complexion, introduced a faſhion of leaving the ſhoulders and part of the neck uncovered.

In England about the reign of Henry the fourth, they wore long pointed ſhoes, of ſuch an immoderate length, that they could not walk till they were faſtened to their knees, with a chain. Luxury improving on this ridiculous mode, it was the cuſtom of an Engliſh beau, of the fourteenth century, to have theſe chains of ſilver and gold.

### ESSAY ON SNUFF-TAKING.

EVERY profeſſed, inveterate, and incurable ſnuff-taker, at a moderate computation, takes one pinch in ten minutes.

Every pinch, with the agreeable ceremony of blowing and wiping the noſe, and other incidental circumſtances, conſumes a minute and a half.

One minute and a half out of every ten, allowing ſixteen hours to a ſnuff-taking day, amounts to two hours and twenty-four minutes out of every natural day, or one day out of every ten.

One day out of every ten amounts to thirty-ſix days and a half in a year.

Hence if we ſuppoſe the practice to be perſiſted, in forty years two entire years of the ſnuff-takers's life will be dedicated to tickling his noſe, and two more to blowing it.

The expence of ſnuff, ſnuff-boxes, and handkerchiefs, will be the ſubject of a ſecond eſſay, in which it will appear, that this luxury encroaches as much on the income of the ſnuff-taker, as it does on his time; and that by a proper application of the time and money thus loſt to the public, a fund might be conſtituted for the diſcharge of the national debt.

### SOMETHING WONDERFUL FROM THE WEST.

Paris (Kent.) June 22.

A gentleman offered to be qualified to the following curious circumſtance, and ordered his name to be ſet to the ſame, which happened on the 10th inſt.

His words were as follows:

THAT, on my way from Waſhington to Lexington, I was overtaken by a man in figure and appearance of a gentleman, who requeſted me to diſmount, and take a GAME OF CARDS, on the highway; I refuſed; he rode on and left me; it being near Milleſburgh, was again overtaken by the ſame gentleman, who repeated the ſame requeſt; I then objected, becauſe we had neither candles nor cards; he ſaid he could remedy both; and on my alighting, I obſerved in one ſecond a candle burning---We ſat down on the road, and in a few minutes loſt 150 dollars; he then, finding my money was all loſt, promiſed to lend me ſome, and let us continue the play; ruminating on his propoſal, and the time of night, I chanced to caſt my eyes down on his feet; I then perceived his CLOVEN FOOT---thunder immediately echoed---the woods ſeemed all on fire---a ſtrong ſtench of brimſtone almoſt ſuffocated me, and horrid terrific yells---my companion flew in a blaze of blue fire round a honey locuſt. My ſenſes are ſo much injured that I am determined immediately to leave the place.

I am, Mr. Printer,
Your humble ſervant,
B. MOURDEIGH.

# SATURDAY, *August* 19, 1797.

THURSDAY morning, at 40 minutes past 11 o'clock, JOHN YOUNG, who was sentenced to death for the murder of ROBERT BERWICK, one of the deputy sheriffs, was executed pursuant to his sentence.

The sheriff of the city, on account of some anonimous letters which he had received, having expressed to the executive an apprehension of a rescue, a detatchment of the militia were under arms on the occasion The magistrates of the city were also attending at a house adjacent to the place of execution. But though the crowd of spectators was immence, not the least symtom of any disturbance appeared.

The unhappy victim was composed and firm, and appeared resigned to his fate, A clergyman attended and prayed with him at the place of execution. Young himself addressed a few words to the spectators, expressive of his dying at peace with God, and the world. The most profound silence reigned among the spectators on this awful occasion, and the scene was highly solemn and impressive. Though from the well known attatchment of our fellow citizens to law and order, we are convinced that the apprehensions of the sheriff were groundless, still many thanks are due to the executive for his care and precaution on the occasion, and much praise is due to our Military Brethern who thus readily evinced themselves the supporters of the laws and government of their country.

## *PROCLAMATION*

By His Excellency JOHN JAY, Esq. Governor of the State of New-York, &c. &c.

Whereas it appears to me, as well from the representation of the commissioners of the health office of the city of New-York, as from other evidence, that an infectious disease does at present unhappily exist, and in some measure prevail in the city of Philadelphia, and which is said to have been lately brought there from the West Indies Now therefore in pursuance of the authority vested in me by the act of the legislature of this state, entitled "An act to prevent the bringing in and spreading of infectious diseases in this state," I do order and declare that (until this order be revoked) all vessels arriving in this port from Philadelphia shall be subject to quarantine. And of this the Health officer, the commissioners of the Health office, the master and wardens of the port, the pilots, and all others to whom it may concern are to take notice and govern themselves accordingly,

Given under my hand and the privy seal of the state the seventeenth day of August, 1797.

JOHN JAY.

By His Excellency's command,
DAVID S. JONES
Private Secretary.

## GENERAL PEACE IN EUROPE.

On Tuesday arrived here the schooner prosperity, Captain Mastin, in 15 days from St. Thomas's.

A gentleman who came passenger, informs us, that a few hours before he sailed, a Mr King (a gentleman of respectability) arrived there from St. Kitts, and reported that the Shark sloop of war had arrived at that island from Barbadoes, the Captain of which said that a British packet had arrived there from Falmouth, and brot London accounts to the 26th of June, which stated that a GENERAL PEACE had been concluded in Europe---one stipulation of which was that the British were to retain Martinico and Trinidad.

It is also said that private letters from St. Kitts, received at St. Thomas's, corroborated the report of Mr. King. [As we received it, so we give it.] [Da. Adv.

The Belfast News Letters, of June 9, says, when the seamen understood that coercive measures were to be adopted by government, a council was held on board the Sandwich, when it was unanimously agreed, that the fleet now at the Nore, should be hereafter, stiled in all their dispatches the Floating republic.

## CITIZENS BEWARE.

On Monday and Tuesday nights last, attempts were made to set fire to a house in the 7th ward of this city---On Tuesday morning two half burnt sticks were found at the end of a pile of boards, which had been kindled, but did little injury---On Wednesday morning coals were found in the cellar window---both these attempts failed, though evidently intended to set fire to the building, which, with others adjoining, are entirely built of wood.

On Tuesday night last about 12 o'clock, was detected at Corporation dock, a gang of villains, belonging to the sloop Fanny of Cow harbour, last from Albany, in the very act of stealing from the brig Farmer, captain Whittemore, four boxes of Sugar, together with a boat belonging to the said brig. There was found on board the sloop in the morning a quantity of hats, &c, stolen from Mr. Mayell on the night of the fourteenth instant; a quantity of cordage, stolen about three weeks since from Mr. Elderkins store, and a number of books and papers which by their contents belong to Mr. Foote of Newburgh. Four of the above gang are now in custody, one of whom has been only two days out of goal after a confinement of six months. The captain, Alpheus Vincent, alias Wilson, is not yet taken.

## BOSTON, August 11.

The late arrivals from Dunkirk and Burdeaux bring our European advices down to the 23d of June, thirteen days later than our former accounts. A change had operated in the French Government since the admission of the new Director, and Third, almost paramount to a revolution.

This change, we believe, will operate greatly in the American favor. We have been abused extremely under the ex-officers---the new mean to pursue different measures---it is not probable they will wish to destroy the remnant of our commerce---it is not probable they will improve on a system, which has been called unjust in France---they must---they will seek to harmonize once more with us---and treat us equitably.

These pleasing circumstances and considerations are heightened by the certainty that negociations for peace have commenced.

## *MUTINY IN JERVIS'S FLEET.*

Capt. Percival, from Lisbon, who sailed the beginning of July, and who arrived this morning, informs, that the day before he sailed, a report was in general circulation, that a mutiny had broken out in Jervis's fleet, and that a coertion had been used by the Admiral, and 26 sailors hung at the yard arm.

## IMPORTANT.

### BALTIMORE, August 15, 1797.

A gentleman arrived in this city on Sunday last from Alexandria, and brot with him and lodged in the post office here, dispatches from Mr. PINCKNEY to our Executive. These dispatches were received at Alexandria by the ship Saratoga, Captain Brewers, in 42 days from Rotterdam. Capt. B. informed the above gentleman that the day before leaving port (June 28) he dined with General Pinckney, who informed him, that the Executive Directory had invited him to return to Paris and resume his functions; that he was only waiting for fresh instructions from his government to comply with their invitation; and that every thing indicated an amicable and speedy settlement of all the differences between that country and this. Captain B. also mentions that the French government disavow the capture of American vessels---that it was principally owing to a pack of abandoned Americans in France, that orders were ever issued to molest our trade---but that they had now sunk into disgrace and true American character began to be respected again.

Letters are in town, of a recent date, from Cape Francoise, which making mention that affairs in the French West India islands begin to assume a very favorable aspect with regard to our commerce. That the tribunal of admiralty, do not condemn American vessels on such frivolous pretences as heretofore, and that they have lately reversed several of their condemnations, and caused the captors to pay costs. That a vessel belonging to New-York, being lately carried into the Cape, was immediately restored to the captain, and the prize master committed to prison.

We are informed that capt. Stansbury of this port, was carried into the above place, where his vessel was cleared, and the captor doomed to pay cost and damages, which he failing to comply with, capt. Stasbury caused him to be committed to prison, where he remained when our accounts left there.

# *COURT of HYMEN.*

"HAIL, WEDLOCK! hail, inviolable tye!
Perpetual fountain of domestic joy!
Love, honor, friendship, truth, and pure delight
Harmonius mingle in the nuptial rite."

## *MARRIED*

A few weeks since, by the Rev. Mr Wall, Mr PAUL CASTAGNET, to Miss HANNAH VAN DEUZER, daughter of Mr Isaac Van Deuzer.

On Friday evening 11th inst. by the Rev. Dr. Foster, Mr. RICHARD L BEEKMAN, of this city, to Miss CATHARINE VAN BEUREN, of New-Jersey.

On Saturday evening last, by the Rev. Mr Milledoler, Mr. MENHAULT, aged 66, to Mrs. CATHARINE BRICKMAN, aged 82---both of this city.

On Monday last, by the Rev. Mr. Miller, Mr VON LOEWENSTERN, of this city, to Miss MARIA TRIBIE, of St. Marc, St. Domingo.


## THEATRE,
GREENWICH-STREET,

The Public are respectfully informed that the entertainments of the Theatre, Greenwich-Street, will commence on Monday the 21st inst.

WIGNELL and REINAGLE.

ALL PERSONS

HAVING any demands against the estate of FREDERIC WESTPHAL, late of the city of New-York, deceased, are requested to present their accounts for settlement; and those indebted, to make immediate payment to

PHILIP OSWALD,
JOHN P. RITTER,
August 19. 77--- Acting Executors.

NOTICE.

ALL persons indebted to the Estate of JAMES DICKSON, Shipwright, late of the city of New-York, deceased, either by bond, note, or book debt, are requested to make payment to the subscriber without delay. And all those having any demands against the same are requested to exhibit them at No. 20, corner of George and Henry-street. JOHN M'BRIDE, Administrator.
Aug. 10. 76---4t

APPRENTICES.

TWO youths of reputable connexions, 15 or 16 years of age, who have had a good education, wanted as Apprentices to the PRINTING BUSINESS, Enquire at No. 358 Pearl-street, of JOHN PIERCE. 76---tf.

Mrs. S. Sparhawk, *Milliner*,

From London, has removed from No. 133, Williams street, to No. 52, Cherry-street---

AND has for sale, in addition to a variety of genteel Milinary, a great choice of white Chip Hats, elegant Feathers, Cords, Tassels, Ribbons, Crimp'd Borders, &c. Irish Linens, ready made Linen Shirts, &c. &c. India Muslin, Persians, Bandanoe and Pullicat Handkerchiefs.---London Dolls dress and undress, and a variety of Toys, &c. &c. &c. May 13, 1797. 63-

JOHN VANDER POOL,

Sign Painter, Gilder, &c.

No. 75, Pearl-Street, fronting Coenties-Slip.

HAS for sale, Window glass and Putty, a general assortment of PAINTS, Linseed Oil, Paint Brushes, Limners Tools, Gold and Silver Leaf, with a great variety of Camel's Hair Pencils, Cheap for Cash, or approved notes
Aug. 6 23---tf.

*S. LOYD,*

RESPECTFULLY informs her friends and the public that she continues to carry on the STAY and MANTUA MAKING BUSINESS, as usual, at No. 30, Vesey-street, where she hopes for the continuance of those favors which will be her constant endeavors to deserve. tf48

# COURT of APOLLO.

## KISSES.

[Continued from our last.]

### THE IMAGINARY KISS.

WHEN Fanny I saw, as she trip'd o'er the green
Fair, blooming, soft, artless, and kind,
Fond love in her eye, wit and sense in her mein,
And warmness with modesty join'd:
Transported with sudden amazement I stood,
Fast riveted down to the place,
Her delicate shape, easy motion I view'd,
And wander'd o'er every grace.

Ye gods! what luxuriance of beauty, I cry,
What raptures must dwell in her arms;
On her lips I could feast, on her breast I could die,
O Fanny how sweet are thy charms:
Whilst thus in idea my passion I fed,
Soft transport my senses invade,
Young Damon step'd up, with the substance he fled,
And left me to kiss the dear shade.

[To be continued.]

## LEVITIES.

### DEACON MARVIN'S PUBLISHMENT.

GOD who Created Redeemed and preserveth us Reynold Marvin of Lyme and Mary Kellog of Colchester Widow and knit our souls together in the bonds of Divine Love Called Charity hath also disposed our Understandings bowed our will and inclined our affections towards each other for the purpose of Temporal Marriage---whereupon our souls have blessed the Lord and desire all the saints to join withus therein and all you saints of the most high to whom this may come Pray for us that we may abound in the Enjoyment of Strong Consolation and in the transforming Effects of his Divine nature of Which we are made Partakers according to those great and precious Promises of our Lord Jesus Christ 2 Peter: 1: 4 and that we may walk in all the commandments and Ordinances of the Lord blameless and that it may please God to Bless us in all our Temporal Employments and Enjoyments all which we desire to ask in a deep Submission to the divine will wherein after a short Pilgrimage we shall be swallowed up World without end amen June 26 1746.

A SAILOR passing by a cooper's shop, and seeing a number of tubs piled above each other at the door, began to kick and tumble them about the street, The master coming out, and desiring to know the reason of the strange proceeding---Damn it, replied Jack, WHY SHOULD NOT EVERY TUB STAND UPON ITS OWN BOTTOM.


## Two Rooms,

PLEASANTLY situated, near the New Ferry, Long-Island, to be let by the year or season.

Two or three ladies may be accommodated with Board during the Summer---Enquire of the Printer. May 4.


## Public Notice

IS hereby given to all persons who may have claims against the estate of MALACHI MOSELY, deceased; whether by Bond, Note, or Book debt, that they bring them properly attested, to the subscriber, administrator, at Back Bay, Princess-Ann County, Virginia, within four months from the date hereof, otherwise they will be barred from any such claim. TULLY MOSELY.

New-York, May 23, 1797. 65---4m

## MORALIST.

WHAT is the life of man but the phantom of a dream? In the morning he riseth happy; at noon he is on a rack:---This hour he a God; the next below a worm: At one moment he laugheth, at the next he weepeth: He now willeth; and in an instant he willeth not; and in another he knoweth not whether he willeth or no.

Establish thy heart, O man in that which is right, and then know the greatest of human praise is to be immutable.

## New-York, Mayor's Court.

ENOS HOYT, v. Orange Webb, Richard Fanning, Clement Miner, Phineas Hudson, Francis Wood, and George Bois.

FALSE imprisonment brought by Captain Hoyt against the defendants, for confining him on board the brig Eliza, about 12 hours, in this port, on a pretended suspicion that he had robbed said brig, lying at the Ship Yards, on the night of the 6th May last. On a fair trial at this Court the jury found Capt. Hoyt free from suspicion, and therefore assessed his damages at five hundred and fifty dollars, with costs.

For the satisfaction of Capt. Hoyt's friends, we, the jurors who tried the above cause, do certify that on a full and mature investigation of all the facts in the above cause, and after duly considering the same, that we did find the above named Enos Hoyt was unlawfully imprisoned by the above defendants, without any reasonable cause, and that the defendants' pretended defence was altogether without foundation or suspicion, and did therefore find the above sum of 550 dollars in damages for the said imprisonment. New-York, July 20, 1797.

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|---|---|
| James M'Intosh, (foreman) | Alexander Gifford, |
| William H. Ireland, | George Mackery, |
| Caleb Valentine, | William Johnson, |
| Nathaniel Brown, | John Rodmon, |
| James Van Antwerp, | James Rich, |
| Henry Post, | Joseph Robinson. |

After the jury had delivered their verdict, Mr. Cozine, counsel for the defendants, moved the court for a rule for the plaintiff to shew cause why a new trial should not be granted, which was opposed by Messrs. Riggs and Colden, counsel for the plaintiff, and after a brief argument, the court refused the rule, and declared that they were perfectly satisfied with the verdict of the jury. 74---4t


## *For Sale by* H. CARITAT,

AT his Circulating Library Pearl-street, no. 93, 140 elegant Prints, several sets of which are not to be found in the United States. Some relative the French Revolution, King and Queen of France, others representing the Seasons, or various scenes or subjects.

H. Caritat informs likewise the public that his Catalogue is just out, and that since it was put in the hands of the Printer, have been added to his Library among the new publications, the Annual Register for 1795, History of the United States, 1796, Abstract, 2 vols. Children of the Abbey, 4 vols. Cousins of Skiras, 2 vols. Elizabeth, 3 vols. Family Secrets, 5 vols. Farmer of Inglewood Forest, 4 vols. Hubert de Savrac, 3 vols. Princess of Zell, 2 vols. Mystic Castle, 2 vols. Neapoliton, 3 vols Plain Sense, 3 vols. Albert de Nordenshild, 2 vols. Paul and Virginia, James the Fatalist by Didorot, 3 vols. Nun, by the same, 2 vols. Emma Courtney, 2 vols. Travels before the Flood, 2 vols. besides a large number of other works which though not new are of approved merit.

July 22. 73 tf


WHEREAS Thomas B. Bridgen, of the city of New-York, Esq; as well for the better securing to Augustin I. Jaquin, of the same place, gentleman, the faithful payment of the debt which one Charles Bridgen owes to him in manner herein after mentioned, as in consideration of the sum of ten shillings to him in hand paid by the said Augustin I. Jaquin, did, by a certain deed or indenture of mortgage, bearing date the 10th day of May 1796, sealed, executed, acknowledged, and delivered by the said Thomas B. Bridgen of the first part, to the said Augustin I Jaquin of the second part, grant, bargain, sell, alien, release and confirm unto him the said Augustin I. Jaquin, all those two certain messuages, lots of ground, and premises, situate, lying, and being in the first ward of the city of New-York aforesaid, at the corner of Broad, Pearl, and Bridge streets, and bounded by three sides by the said streets, and on the south side by a house and lot of ground now or late of Mr Hugh Stocker; together with the appurtenances, and the reversion and reversions, remainder and remainders, rents, issues and profits thereof, and also all his estate, right, title, and interest in law and equity therein. To have and to hold the same unto the said Augustin I. Jaquin, his heirs and assigns forever, upon condition nevertheless that if the said Charles Bridgen, or the said Thomas B Bridgen, their heirs, executors, administrators or assigns, should faithfully pay to the said party of the 2d part, his executors, administrators or assigns, the just and full sum of three thousand dollars and the interest thereof, according to the tenor and true intent and meaning of one certain writing obligatory, bearing even date therewith, and duly made and executed by the said Thomas B. Bridgen and Charles Bridgen, to the said Augustin I. Jaquin, then the said indenture to be void. And the said Thomas B Bridgen did thereby bind himself, his heirs, executors and administrators to pay the said sum three thousand dollars with lawful interest, according to the tenor and effect of the said obligation. And in case default should be made in the payment of the said sum of money to be paid by the said writing obligatory, and the interest which should thereupon accrue, at any time or times on which the said principal or interest or any part thereof should be due and payable, that then the said party of the 2d part, his executors, administrators or assigns are thereby authorised to grant, bargain, sell and dispose of the thereby granted premises, and all benefit and equity of redemption of the party of the 1st part, his heirs or assigns therein, at public auction in fee simple, giving notice of such sale agreeably to the act of the Legislature in such case made and provided. And to make, seal, and execute to the purchaser or purchasers a good estate, in law, in fee simple, of and in the premises, with the appurtenances; which sale is thereby declared to be a perfect bar both in law and equity against the party of the 1st part his heirs and assigns, as by the said mortgage registered in the office of the clerk of the city and county of New-York, in lib. No. 7, of Regiller of Mortgages, page 526, the 13th of May 1796. Reference being thereunto had may more fully and at large appear.

And Whereas the said Augustin I. Jaquin, the obligee and mortgagee named in the said writing obligatory and indenture, did, by a certain instrument in writing, under his hand and seal, bearing date the eleventh day of October, one thousand seven hundred and ninety-six, and by him delivered to the subscribers for the consideration therein mentioned, bargain, sell, assign, transfer, and make over unto them all and singular the messuages lots, pieces, or parcels of ground, hereditaments and premises, in the said indenture or mortgage mentioned as fully as the same are thereby granted to him, together with the said indenture, and also the said writing obligatory and all the monies due and to grow due thereon, and all his right, title, estate, and interest of, in, and to the same; subject nevertheless to the condition in the said indenture mentioned. And the said subscribers were thereby authorised, in case of default of payment of the said monies, or the interest, or any part thereof, to sell and dispose of the mortgaged premises and do every act in case of such default, which he the said party of the second part was authorised to do, and could have done had not the said assignment been made, as by the said assignment reference being thereunto also had, will more fully and at large appear. And, Whereas default has been made in the payment of the said sum, and the whole principal and interest monies due on the bond or obligation aforesaid, still remain due and unpaid. Now, therefore, in pursuance of the directions of the act of the Legislature of the State of New-York, in such case made and provided, notice is hereby given to the said Thomas B. Bridgen, and to all other persons concerned in the redemption of the said mortgaged premises, that the same will be sold at public vendue at the tontine coffee house, in the city of New-York, on Thursday the twenty-second day of February next, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon of that day for the payment and satisfaction of the principal and interest money due on the said bond, and the costs attending such sale, pursuant to the power in the said mortgage contained, unless, before that time, the same shall be otherwise paid and satisfied. Dated this 11th day of August, 1797.

PETER LUDLOW.
GEORGE CODWISE, jun.
JAMES CODWISE.